第一节（共5小题；每小题1分，满分5分）  
听句子。从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中，选出与对话内容相符的图片。听完每句话后，你将有5秒钟的作答时间。每个句子读二遍。  
1.I would like some noodles for breakfast.  
2.Li Ming usually walks to school.  
3.The baby has a fever and she is ill in bed.  
4.We have to stay at home because of the heavy rain.  
5.I want to borrow some books for my sister.  
第二节（共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）  
 听下面5段对话，每段对话后面有几个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你将有10秒钟的作答时间。每段对话读两遍。  
听第6段对话，回答第第6、7小题  
W:Hello,could I speak to David ,please ?  
M:Sorry ,he is taking a shower right now .Can I take a message ?  
W:Yes ,please .This is Sally.We’ll go on a trip tomorrow.Please tell him to bring a camera .  
M:Ok,I will give him the message .  
听第7段对话，回答第8、9小题  
M:Would you like to go to the zoo with me this afternoon,Wang Mei?  
W:I’d love to .But I must stay at home and do the housework.  
M: Why ?  
W:Because my mother is busy working at a shoe factory .  
听第8段对话，回答第10、11小题。  
W:May I take your order,sir ?  
M:Fried rice, pork and cabbages .  
W:Would you like something to drink ?  
M:Yes.I’d like some orange juice ,please .  
W:Ok,anything else ?  
M:Vegetable soup,plaese .  
W: Here you are .sir.  
M:Hmm,it tastes very nice.Thanks a lot .  
听第9段对话，回答第12、13、14小题。  
W:Cna I help you ?  
M:I want to borrow some books about Chinese history .  
W:They are on the second shelf .  
M:Mmm,how many books can I borrow at a time ?  
W:Three .  
M:How long can I keep them ?  
W:Two weeks.Wow,the card says you borrowed a magazineon May 16th .  
M:Oh,It has kept for two weeks.I’m sorry I forgot to bring it here today .  
W:You can renewit for two more weeks .  
听第10段对话，回答第15、16、17小题。  
W:Excuse me,sir .could you show me the way to the Holiday Hotle ?I think I am lost .  
M:Sure.I’m on my way there,too.Just follow me.  
W;Thank you so much .  
M:You are welcome ,Where are you from ?  
W:I am from Canada.  
M:Is it the first time you have been in China ?  
W:Yes.China is a very beautiful country .I love Chinese food so much .  
M: I hope you can have a great time here.Here we are .You can see the Holiday Hotle right across the street .My school is two blocks down.  
W:Thank you so much .  
M;You are welcome .Enjoy your trip in China .

听第11段对话，回答第18、19、20小题。  
M:Hi Jane, did you enjoy yourself in Mount Tai on the weekend ?  
W:Yes .I had a wonderful time.I went there with some friends .M:Did you stay at a hotle for the night ?  
W:No.we stayedin the open air.Wecooked food by ourselves.  
M:Great.How was the weather ?  
W: It was sunny .  
M:How about the people there ?  
W:They were very kind and friendly .We met some farmers and they invited us to have tea in their houses .  
M:When did you get back ?  
W:Just now.We got up at 6:00 am.left at 6:30 am and arrived here at 1:30 pm .I was very tired .Where did you spend your weekend ?  
M:I just stayed at home .  
W: What did you do then ?  
M;I saw a film.It was very interesting and I likes it very much .  
第三节（共5小题；每小题1分，满分5分）  
听下面的一篇短文，请根据你所听到的短文内容，选择能回答所提问题的最佳答案。听完短文之后你将有一分钟的答题时间。短文听两遍。  
 Elise is not very careful.She often makes mistakes .some of her mistakes are very funny .Once she wanted to take the train to go back to her hometown .When she got to the station, she looked at the timetable in a hurry .She knew that the train would leave at 8:00 and she should wait in No.4 Waiting Room ,so she went to No.4 Waiting Room.She waited there until it was ten to eight ,but the conductor hadn’t checked tickets yet .She felt a little wirried ,so she asked a man beside her.The man told her that it was not the right Waiting Room and she should go to No.2 Waiting Room .She rushed off.But by the time she got there ,the train had already left .

参考答案：  
 6----10：BCCBA11----15：CBACA 16-----20：CCBCB 21---25：ABBAA26-30 DBCBB 31-35 DADCB 36-40 DCCDD 41---45：BDABC 46---50：DCCBA51—55：DBADC56---59：ACDD60-63：CBCD64---67：CCDA  
68.Height 69.Sports and photography70.his first show 71.a love story  
72-76 EFBGA  
77.take off78.to laugh at79.stays up late80.are listening81.look forward to   
82.are divided83.to fall asleep84.have paid attention to  
七、书面表达 （共1小题，满分15分）  
   
评分标准：  
第一档：(13-15分)：完全符合题目要求，要点齐全，句式多样，语言准确，语意连贯，表达清楚，书写工整，只有个别语言错误。  
第二档：(9-12分)：基本符合题目要求，要点齐全。语法结构和词汇基本满足文章需要。语言基本通顺，语意基本连贯，表达基本清楚。虽然有少量语言错误，但不影响整体理解。第三档：(5-8分)：部分内容符合题目要求，要点不齐全。语法结构和词汇错误较多，语言不通顺，表达不够清楚，影响整体理解。  
第四档：(0-4分)：与题目有关内容不多，只是简单拼凑词语，所写内容难以理解。

本题为最终定稿模拟题，请各学校按本题型组织命题考试。（注意红笔所显示的内容）  
(考试时间：120分钟满分：120分)  
一、听力测试（共三节；计25分）  
第一节（共5小题；每小题1分，满分5分）  
听句子。从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中，选出与对话内容相符的图片。听完每句话后，你将有5秒钟的作答时间。每个句子读二遍。命题时参考本题的听力材料

1．A.

第二节（共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）  
 听下面6段长对话。每段对话后面有几个小题，从题后所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你将有10秒钟的作答时间。每段对话读两遍。  
1.本题主要考查新课标要求的五级目标中的功能、话题。  
2. 6段对话按长短和信息量大概分成两个层次（第6、7、8三段为一个层次，第9、10、11三段为一个层次）。  
3.具体每段对话长短和信息量可以参照本套模拟题的听力材料。  
4. 6段对话按2、2、2、3、3、3问题设计。  
听第6段对话，回答第6、7小题。  
6.What is David doing now ?  
A.Taking photos .B.Taking a shower. C.Watering flowers  
7.What does Sally want David to bring tomorrow ?  
A.An umbrella.B.A map. C.A camera.  
听第7段对话，回答第8、9小题。  
8.Where will Wang Mei stay this afternoon ?  
A.In the zoo.B.In the factory.C.At home.   
9.What does Wang Mei’s mother do ?  
A.She is a teacher.B.She is a worker.C.She is a librarian  
听第8段对话，回答第10、11小题。  
10.Where does the coversation probably take place ?  
A.In a restaurant.B.In a bookstore.C.In a classroom.  
11.How does the man like the food ?  
A.It’s a bit hot.B.It’s just so-so.C.It’s very delicious  
听第9段对话，回答第12—14小题。  
12.Where does the coversation probably take place?  
A.In the post officeB.In the libraryC.In the bookstore   
13.What does the man want to borrow ?  
A.Some books about Chinese history.   
B.Some books about Chinese food .  
C.Some books about Chinese culture  
14.How long will the man keep the magazine in all if he renews(续借) it ?  
A.Two weeks.B.There weeks. C.Four weeks.  
听第10段对话，回答第15—17小题。  
15.Where is the woman from ?  
A.Canada .B.China.C.America.  
16.What doesthe woman like very much about china?  
A .Buildings B.Art .C.Food  
17.What may the man be ?  
A.A doctorB.A driver C.A student  
听第11段对话，回答第18—20小题。  
18.What did Jane do on the weekend ?  
A.She went to a farm to help the farmers.  
B.She went to Mount Tai with her friends .  
C.She stayed at home and saw a film .  
19.Where did they stay for the night ?  
A.In a hotel .B.In a farmer’s home .C.In the open air .  
20.How many hours did it take Jane to get back home ?  
A.3.5 hours.B. 7 hours.C.10 hours.  
第三节（共5小题；每小题1分，满分5分）  
听下面一篇短文。根据你所听到的短文内容，选择能回答所提问题的最佳答案。短文读两遍。 （120词左右）  
21.How did Mary go back hometown ?  
A、By train.B.By car. C .By plane  
22.What do you think of Elise?  
A .She is clever.B.She is careless.C.She is careful．  
23.How did Mary know the time when the train would leave?  
A .She asked the man.B.She read the timetable.  
C.The conductor(列车员) told her  
24. When did she leave No.4 Waiting Room ?  
A. At about 7:50B.At about 8:00C.At about 8:10  
25.In which Waiting Room should she wait in line?  
A.No.2B.No.3 C .No.4  
二、单项选择（共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）  
从A、B、C、D四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的正确选项。  
1.本题主要依照课标考查语言基础知识  
2.考点覆盖面广  
3.尽量使用交际性考查，重视语言知识在语境中的理解和运用  
4.动词短语及辨析的考查不少于3题，交际考查不少于1题  
5.本题以中档题为主，拔高题不超过2个。  
6.可参照近三年中考题  
26.—Danny, your are so beautiful.Where did you buy them?  
 —Thanks.I bought them in Wuhan.  
 A.handbagB.capC.sweaterD.gloves  
27.—exciting film we saw yesterday!  
—I think so.  
 A.What a B.What an C.How an D.How a   
28.—I don’t know how tothe old books.  
—You can give them away to poor children.  
 A.hand in B.take up C.deal with D.give up  
29.—Do you like reading books?  
—Yes.Everyone in my classto do more reading in and after class by our teacher.  
 A.are encouraged B.is encouraged C.are encouraging D.encourages  
30.—How long has Jim been in the factory?  
—He has been there for two years he left school.  
 A.whenB.sinceC.as soon asD.while  
31.—Do you believe that American flags are made China?  
—Yes, I do.And you can see they are madesilk.  
 A.in; from B.from; in C.of; inD.in; of  
32.—Imeeting Jack today because I am still angry with him.  
—Come on, Mary.You are good friends.  
 A.avoid B.require C.enjoy D.expect   
33.—Oh, the room is too dirty, Tony!  
—Sorry, Mom.Ityesterday.I forgot to do it.  
 A.didn’t clean B.isn’t cleaned C.was cleaned D.wasn’t cleaned  
34.—How do you usually go to school?  
—Itake a bus, but Iwalking now.  
 A.was used to; am used to B.am used to; used to   
 C.used to; am used toD.used to; use to  
35.—I’m sorry to hear that your pet dog has died.  
—Though my dog for three months, I still miss him.  
 A.has died B.has been dead C.diedD.was dead  
36.—Mom, shall we go hiking tomorrow?  
—Oh, dear.That depends on it is fine tomorrow.  
 A.that B.whatC.how D.whether  
37.—It’s of you to talk loudly in public places, Lucy.  
—I’m so sorry, Mom.  
 A.polite B.politelyC.impoliteD.impolitely   
38.—Could you tell me \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?  
—Sure.It’s near the bank on the other side of the street.  
A.how to the post officeB.where is the post office   
C.where the post office isD.when the post office was built  
39.—I find difficult to learn English grammar.  
—You can do more English exercises.  
 A.that B.this C.those D.it  
40.—Lucy, can I borrow your bike?  
 —? I didn’t hear clearly.  
 A.Yes, please B.How do you do C.Here you areD.Pardon  
三、完形[填空](http://www.5ykj.com/shti/)（共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）  
1.本题重点考查学生的语言知识以及综合[阅读](http://www.5ykj.com/shti/" \t "_blank)理解能力。  
2.本题选材来自课外，选材难易度适中，选材内容可适当考虑教育性、知识性、 趣味性。  
3.在15个选题中，以实词的考查为主，虚词少数。  
4.动词及动词短语考查不少于4题，名词、形容词均不少于2题，  
5.考点密度适中，首尾句不设选项。

[阅读](http://www.5ykj.com/shti/)下面的短文，从短文后所给的四个选项中，选出可填入空白处的最佳选项。  
In the first lesson of high school ,our math teacher ,Mr Stevens said ,“I’ll teach you math this year.” He walked around the class ,handing out math books .When it was done ,he returned to the41of the class and looked at us .We looked at him ,too .  
“What are you 42for? Get started !” he said .  
We looked at him and felt43.Wasn’t he going to teach us ?  
“Is there anything wrong with our \_44?”one brave boy asked what we all wanted to know .“Mr Stevens ,aren’t you going to teach45?”  
Mr Stevens replied ,“Open your books and read it . 46you have questions ,raise your hand and I’ll help you .”  
Mr Stevens helped47who had a problem .Only when we had the same 48,he would stop us to teach all the students .It was a strange way of teaching ,49it was very effective(有效的) .We50 two and a half math books in the first year .  
It was a turning point in my life .Mr Stevens made me51that I was good at math .  
The next year of high school ,in the math class ,I raised my hand .my52teacher ,Mr West ,came to my53,“What can I do for you?”  
“I can’t understand the question .Can you54it to me ?”  
He looked at my55,saying ,“We are not doing that chapter（章） yet,you’re six chapters ahead（提前）of the class.”  
()41.A.side B.frontC.back D.middle  
()42.A.looking B.caringC.sending D.waiting  
()43.A.confusedB.sad C.tired D.happy  
()44.A.eyes B.earsC.feetD.hands  
()45.A.yourselfB.me C.usD.ourselves  
()46.UntilB.SinceC.BecauseD.If  
()47.A.somebodyB.nobody C.everybodyD.anybody  
()48.A.ideaB.plan C.question D.school  
()49.A.so B.butC.forD.when  
()50.A.finishedB.boughtC.had D.saw  
()51.A.thinkB.imagine C.missD.realize  
()52.A.strong B.newC.sameD.strange  
()53.A.deskB.classroomC.houseD.office  
()54.A.tellB.show C.giveD.explain  
()55.A.deskB.faceC.bookD.pen  
四、综合阅读（共两节；计32分）  
第一节 阅读理解（共12小题；每小题2分，满分24分）（要求难度适中）  
阅读下面三篇短文，根据短文内容，选择最佳选项。  
 (1)  
Paper is one of the most important products ever invented by man .The invention of paper meant that more people could be educated (教育) because more books could be printed .Paper provided an important way to communicate with knowledge .  
Paper was first made in China about 2.000 years ago .In Egypt and west ,paper was not very commmonly used before the year 1400 .Paper was not made in southern Europe until about the year 1100 .After that, the forestry countries such sa Canada,Sweden ,Norway ,Finland and the United States became the most important in paper-making .Today Finland makes the best paper in the world.And it has the biggest paper industry(工业)in the world .  
When we think of the paper ,we think of newspaper ,books ,letters ,envelops and writing paper .So paper plays an important role in our lives .  
Paper is very good for keeping you warm .Houses are often insulated(隔热) with paper .You perhaps see homeless men sleep on a large number of newspaper .They are insulating themselves from the cold .In Finland ,In winter it is sometimes 40 degress below zero .the farmers wear paper boots(靴子) in the snow .Nothing could be warmer .  
()56.What did the invention of paper mean? It meant \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
A.more people could be educated B.more books could be printed   
C.paper is one of the most important producesD.paper was invented by man  
()57.When was paper made in southern Europe ?  
A.Before 1100B.After 1400 C.About 1100D.Before 1400  
()58.Which country makes the best paper ?  
A.Norway B.Canada C.The United States D.Finland  
()59.What's the main idea of the passage? （加一道选题）  
A.The invention of paper.  
B.The best paper.  
C.The paper-making.  
D.The uses of paper.

(2)  
6 June ,Saturday  
I read an article about people living in the e-age yesterday .It talks about different ways of communicating like chatting online(在线聊天) ,sending e-mails ,sending different kinds of messages and keeping an online diary .  
The article says that people nowadays send e-mails at least once a day .I do not agree with this because I send e-mails only twice a week .However ,I do check my e-mails once a day .I like receiveing e-mails.  
About chatting online ,the article says that it is becoming more and more popular among teenagers .I think this is true .Whenever I arrive at home ,I turn on my computer and log（登录） on to chat online with my friends .I prefer chatting online to calling a friend .because I can chat with many friends at the same time .But I like using mobile phones.when I don’t have my computer with me ,I can send short messages to my friends .I also like keeping in touch（联系） with them in this way .  
I keep an online diary four times a week .I like telling others what has happened to me .I think I am one of the people living in the e-age .I can’t live without computers or mobile phones .  
   
()60.How often does the writer send e-mails?   
 A.Never.B.Once a day.  
 C.Twice a week.D.Four times a week.  
()61.When did the writer read that article ?  
 A.On 4 June ,ThursdayB.On 5 June ,Friday  
 C.On 6 June ,SaturdayD.On 7 June ,Sunday   
()62.What does the writer disagree with the article ?  
A .About chatting onlineB.About checking e-mails  
C.About sending e-mailsD.About keeping in touching with friends .  
()63.What does the passage NOT talk about ?（加一道选题）  
A.Living in the e-age .B.Sending a short message .  
C.Keeping an online diary . D.Making pen pals .   
(3)   
 A doctor was once teaching a class of medical students at a famous hospitalin Edinburgh .An injured（受伤） man was brought in ,and the doctor turned to one of his students and asked him ,“What’s wrong with this man ？”  
“I don’t know ,sir ,”the student answered .“Should I examine him and find out ?”  
“There is no need to examine him,” said the doctor .“You should know withont asking questions .He has hurt his right knee .didn’t you notice the way he walked ?He hurt it by burning it in the fire .You see his trousers leg is burnt away at the knee .This is Monday morning .Yesterday was fine, but on Saturday the roads were wet and muddy(泥泞的) .The man’s trousers are all muddy ,he fell down on Saturday night .”  
The doctor then turned to the man and said ,“You had your pay on Saturday and went to a public house and drunk too much .You got muddy and wet on the way home .Because you had drunk too much ,you fell on the fire and burnt your knee .Is that right ?”  
“Yes ,sir .”said the man .  
()64.The medical students were having a lesson \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
A.at the library . B.in a classroom .C.at a well-known hospital D.in a medical school  
()65.the man hurt his knee\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
A.on Monday

B.on Sunday night

C.on Saturday night

D.yesterday  
 ()66.Which is the right order according to the passage ?  
①He burnt his knee  
②He got drunk  
③He fell down and got muddy  
④He had his pay   
A.①②③ ④B .④③②①C.③④①②D.④②③①  
()67.From the passage we know that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is very important for medical students   
A.Watching and thinking B.taking good care of others  
C.Learning from othersD.teaching .  
第二节 任务型阅读 （共4小题，每小题2分，满分8分）  
（4）  
Last winter, the hottest man on Earth was an ‘alien’ called Do Min Joon (都敏俊).It is a role in South Korean TV play You Who Came From the Stars.The actor Kim Soo-hyum played the role of Do Min Joon in the popular TV play.It’s about a love story between a 400-year-old alien and a human actress.Kim became famous in China because of the role, with lots of fans following him.  
Kim Soo-hyum was born on Feb 16, 1988 in Seoul, South Korea.He has a great shape.He is 180cm tall and weighs 65kg.he has some different hobbies such as sports and photography (摄影).  
This is not the first success for the 26-year-old man.Since he entered the field eight years ago, Kim has won over 20 awards for acting.  
However, back in middle school, nobody expected that Kim would become an actor.He was so quiet that his mother had to send him to the acting school, hoping he could become less shy.  
His first show on the stage was A Midsummer Night’s Dream.Kim played a fairy.It lasted for a week in his school.For the first few shows, Kim was still shy and afraid of looking up at the audience (观众).It was not until the last show that he finally got the courage (勇气) to look into people’s eyes and acted with confidence.Suddenly the world of acting opened the door for him.  
“As a teenager, I never thought what I wanted for the future, but at that moment I knew that I wanted to act.”  
Have you found your dream like him?  
阅读上面短文，根据短文内容，完成表格中的信息。（由5个空变成4个空）  
Name: Kim Soo-hyun Birthday: Feb 16, 1988  
68.: 180cm Weight: 65kg  
Birthplace Seoul, South Korea  
Hobbies 69.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

His   
shows   
or   
TV   
plays

A Midsummer Night’s Dream ①It was 70.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on the stage.  
②Kim played a fairy.  
③First Kim was still shy and at last he acted with confidence.

You Who Came From the Stars ①It’s a popular TV play.  
②It’s about 71. between a 400-year-old alien and a human actress.  
③Kim played the role ofDo Min Joon.

五、补全对话 （共5小题；每小题2分，满分l0分）  
根据对话内容，从方框内的选项中，选择5个恰当的句子完成对话，并将所选句子前的字母代号写在答题卡上的相应题号后。  
L: Hello, Peter.Is this your new car? How beautiful!  
P: Hi, Lisa.Would you like to go for a ride with me?  
L: Great!  
P: Well, you don’t have to wear the seat belt (安全带).72   
L: I’m sure you are.You know, not every driver is as good as you.  
P:73 .No one will stop us right now.  
L: Oh, no, no.We follow the traffic rules not for the police.74  
P: I agree, but I feel uncomfortable with it.  
L: That’s true.75.Or your life will be in danger when your car is terribly hit.  
P:76.I am wearing it.Do you know who invented it? The man should be remembered.  
L: Sorry, I don’t know, either.But Volvo, a famous Swedish car maker, was the first to use the seat belt in 1849.

六、完成句子（8小题；每小题1分，满分8分）（由10道小题变成8道小题，）  
阅读下列各小题，根据汉语及句末括号内的单词提示，用相关的动词完成句子。  
1.重点考查学生对语法、词法、句法的掌握程度。  
2.考查学生对所学动词及短语的识记和在语境中的运用。  
77.天太热，你为什么不把夹克脱掉呢？   
It’s too hot today.Why don’t you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_your jacket? (take)  
78.嘲笑处于困境中的人是不礼貌的。  
It’s a bad manner \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ people in trouble.(laugh)   
79.她经常和妈妈一起熬夜看电影。  
She often \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with her mom to watch movies.(stay)  
80.瞧！孩子们正在听有关中国春节的故事。  
Look! The children \_\_\_\_\_\_ the story about the Chinese Spring Festival.(listen)  
81.初中毕业后每个学生都有很多东西可以期待。  
Each student can \_\_\_\_\_ many things after they leave junior high school.(look)  
82.英语课上， 我们通常被分为几个小组练习对话。  
 Usually we \_\_\_\_\_\_some groups to practice conversations in English class.(divide)  
83.由于昨晚外面太吵，我们发现很难入睡。  
Because it was too noisy outside last night, we all found it difficult \_\_\_\_\_\_.(fall)  
84.我认为在最近几年里我们已经对乡村留守儿童的教育问题给予了关注。   
I think we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_the education problems of children left behind in villagers in recent years.(pay)  
八、书面表达 （共1小题，满分15分）   
评分标准：  
第一档：(13-15分)：完全符合题目要求，要点齐全，句式多样，语言准确，语意连贯，表达清楚，书写工整，只有个别语言错误。  
第二档：(9-12分)：基本符合题目要求，要点齐全。语法结构和词汇基本满足文章需要。语言基本通顺，语意基本连贯，表达基本清楚。虽然有少量语言错误，但不影响整体理解。第三档：(5-8分)：部分内容符合题目要求，要点不齐全。语法结构和词汇错误较多，语言不通顺，表达不够清楚，影响整体理解。  
第四档：(0-4分)：与题目有关内容不多，只是简单拼凑词语，所写内容难以理解。   
世界上有许多发明使得我们的生活越来越有趣，电脑就是其中之一。请根据下面的表格内容，介绍电脑的发展变化及你对未来学习电脑的想法。

 时间:1946年 地点：美国  
早期的电脑 1.大小：和一间房子差不多。   
2.重量：大约30吨。   
3.价格：非常昂贵。  
现在的电脑 外观：又小又轻，很容易携带。  
用途：1.可以学习、工作。2.可以查找大量信息。  
3.可以通过电子邮件和亲友联系。4.可以听歌、玩游戏来放松。   
……  
展望未来 努力学习更多电脑知识。

要求：（1）字数：80—100词。（2）内容完整，语言流畅，不要逐句翻译，可以适当发挥。